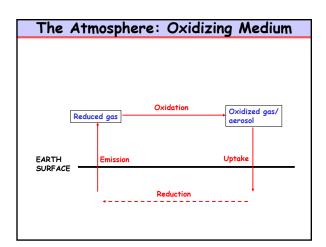
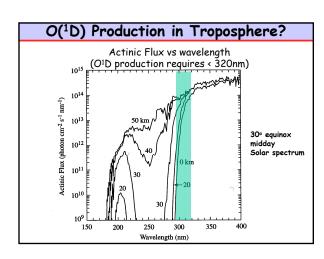
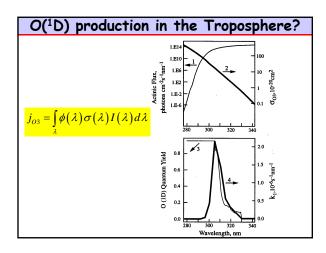
Tropospheric Chemistry

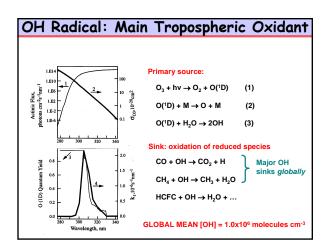
READING: Chapter 11 of text

- ·Tropospheric OH source and sinks (CO and CH_4)
- ·Sources and Sinks of the OH sinks: CO and CH_4
- ·Stayin Alive: The OH Titration Problem



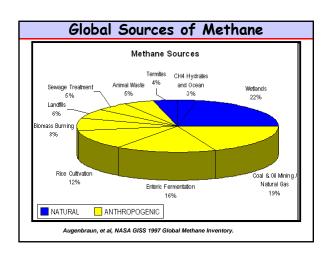


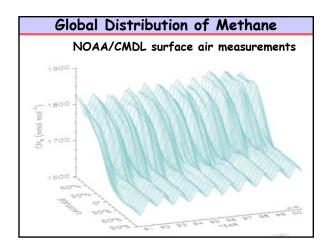


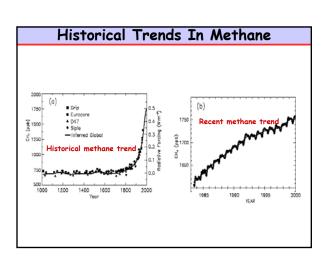


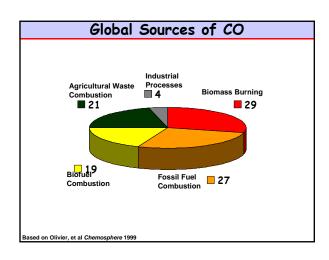
Questions

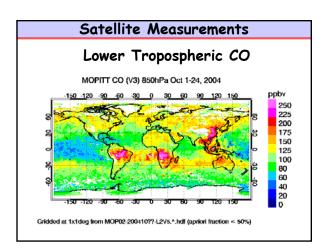
- 1. How would a thinning of the stratospheric ozone layer affect the source of OH in the troposphere?
- 2. How would adding sulfur to the stratosphere to for geo-engineering affect the tropospheric OH source?
- 3. How might global warming affect the source rate of OH in the troposphere?

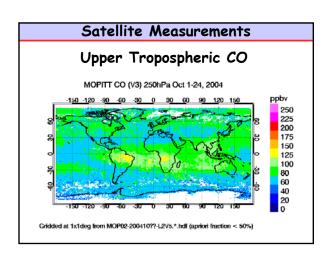


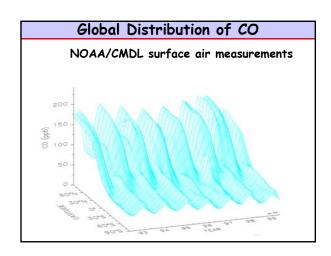


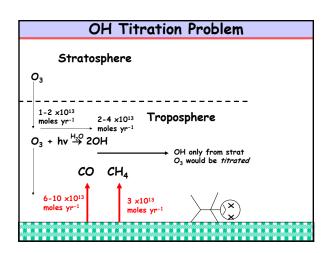


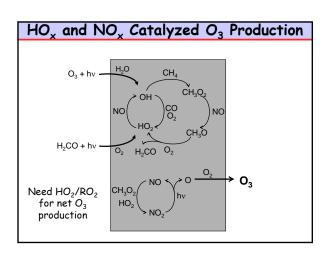


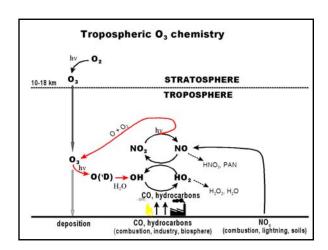






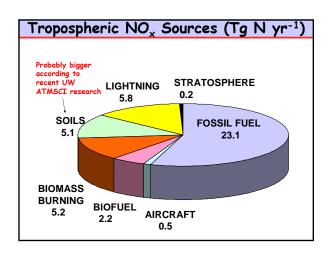


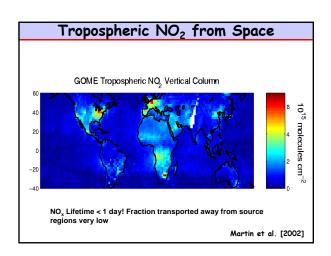


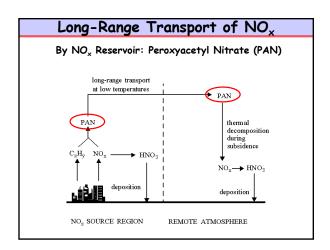


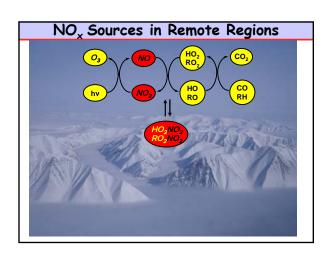
Questions

- 1. NO also reacts with O_3 (as in the stratosphere) to produce NO_2 . In fact, the rate of conversion of NO to NO_2 is dominated by this reaction in the troposphere. What is the effect of this reaction on O_3 production?
- Loss of NO_x in the troposphere takes place by NO₂+OH→HNO₃, same as in the stratosphere. What is the effect of this reaction on tropospheric ozone?









Question

Anthropogenic activity has lead to the increase of $NO_{\rm x}$, CO, and CH_4 emissions, with roughly factors of 2-4 increases of each over pre-industrial times. How have these changes affected OH concentrations?

